

Human Platelet-Activating Factor Receptor Stable Cell Line

Technical Manual No. TM0305

Version 06042010

I	Introduction	1
II	Background.....	1
III	Representative Data.....	2
IV	Thawing and Subculturing.....	3
V	References	4
	Limited Use License Agreement	5

I. Introduction

Platelet-activating factor (PAF) is a bioactive phospholipid that was originally characterized by its ability to induce platelet aggregation but was subsequently shown to mediate angiogenesis, inflammation, and neural development. The human PAF receptor (PAFR) is a member of G protein-coupled receptor family that signals through multiple pathways and mediates several cellular responses including cell motility, smooth muscle contraction, and cytokine and leukotriene release.

This manual describes a cell line and assay protocol established and pharmacologically validated for PAFR responsiveness to the PAFR agonists PAF. The PAFR assay is ready for high-throughput screening either as a primary or follow-up (selectivity screen) and can be used to identify agonists and antagonists.

II. Cell Line Information

- Catalog Number: M00147
- Cell Line Name: HEK293/PAFR/NFAT/ β -Lac
- Description:
The PAFR reporter cell line is created by transfection of pcDNA3.1/hygro(+)PAFR in an HDB parental cell line (Genebank Accession Number: NM_000952), HEK293/NFAT/la. The transfected cells are stably selected by 150 μ g/ml hygromycin. Single cell clones with high PAF inducibility and low β -lactamase background are isolated using ring cloning and serial dilution. The clones with largest dynamic range in β -lactamase activity were chosen for pharmacological and stability studies.
- Function: Cell based, functional assay for PAFR receptor
- Quantity: 2 vial (2×10^6) frozen cells
- Host Cell: HEK293
- Cell Phenotype: Adherent/epithelial
- Recommended Storage Conditions: Liquid nitrogen (upon delivery)
- Propagation Medium: DMEM, 10% FBS, 150 μ g/ml hygromycin, P/E
- Mycoplasma: Negative



III. PAF Dose Response of HEK293/PAFR/NFAT/ β -Lac Cell Line and assay protocol

PAF Dose Response On HEK293/PAFR/NFAT/ β -Lac cell line

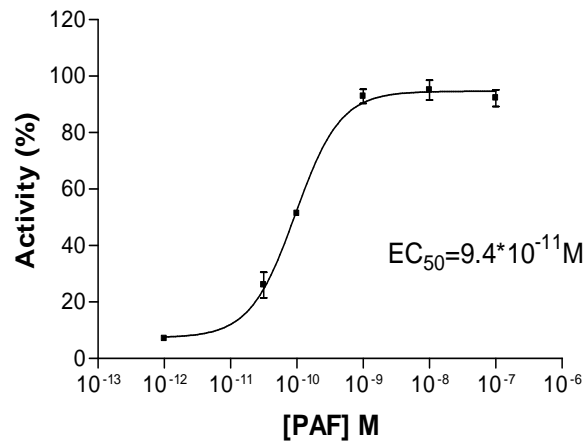


Fig. 1. Dose response of β -lactamase activity as monitored with Analyst HT plate reader upon treatment with PAF. Assay was done according to procedure described as below. Data represent means \pm SEM for duplicate samples. EC_{50} value for PAF dose response was determined using GraphPad Prism 4 software (right one).

Assay Procedure

CCF-4 Assay of HEK293/PAFR/NFAT/ β -Lac Receptor Reporter Cells

1. Seed 25,000 cells per well in Growth Medium (100 μ L per well) into 96-well tissue culture treated black-wall, clear-bottom plates after trypsinization. Prepare some wells with medium alone (no cells) to use for determining plate background.
2. Culture cells in 5% CO_2 at 37°C. Allow cells to reach \approx 90% confluence.
3. 12-24 hours before the assay, replace Growth Medium with 100 μ L/well serum-free DMEM. Be careful not to disturb the cells.
4. Prepare ligand solution in serum-free DMEM (10X).
5. Add 10 μ L of 10X PAF solution to wells for stimulation and 10 μ L of serum-free DMEM per well for non-stimulated control.
6. Incubate cells in 5% CO_2 at 37°C for 5-6 hours.
7. Load cells with 2 μ M CCF4/AM as described in CCF4 Loading Protocol.
8. Incubate the plate at room temperature for 60-120 mins without shaking.
9. Read with Analyst HT plate reader or observe under fluorescence microscope for 60-200 mins after CCF-4 loading.

CCF-4 Loading Protocol

1. Solution A: Dissolve 5mg CCF-4/AM with 4.6 ml DMSO to a stock concentration at 1mM. Aliquot and stored at -80°C, protected from light.
2. Solution B: 100 mg/mL Pluronic -F127 surfactant in DMSO and 0.1% acetic acid.
3. Solution C: Red Dye solution.
4. 6X substrate loading solution:
 - 1) Add 6 μ L of Solution A to 60 μ L of Solution B and mix well
 - 2) Add 934 μ L of Solution C to the combined Solutions A and B and mix well.
5. Add 6X Substrate Loading Solution to cells to 1X final concentration (e.g., add 20 μ L of 6XCCF4-AM



- Substrate Loading Solution to 100 μ L of cells in buffer).
6. Add the same volume of 6X Substrate Loading Solution to the No Cells Background Control wells (containing assay medium or buffer) to 1X final concentration.
 7. Cover the plate to protect it from light and evaporation.

IV. References

1. Ferreira, M.A., *et al.*, Sponge-induced angiogenesis and inflammation in PAF receptor-deficient mice (PAFR-KO). *Br J Pharmacol*, 2004. 141(7): p.1185-1192.
2. Lukashova, V., *et al.*, Janus kinase 2 activation by the platelet-activating factor receptor (PAFR): roles of Tyk2 and PAFR C terminus. *J Immunol*, 2003. 171(7): p.3794-3800.
3. Yang, W., *et al.*, Chromosomal location, structure, and temporal expression of the platelet-activating factor receptor (PAFr) gene in porcine endometrium and embryos relative to estrogen receptor alpha gene expression. *Mol Reprod Dev*, 2003. 64(1): p.4-12.
4. Dagenais, P., *et al.*, Modulation of platelet-activating factor receptor (PAFR) gene expression via NF kappa B in MonoMac-1 cells. *Inflamm Res*, 1997. 46 Suppl 2: p.S161-162.

V. Appendix

Cell Culture Conditions

Note: This clone often grows as clumps. It is necessary to separate cells into single cell suspensions whenever the cells are passaged or plated. MATRIGEL Matrix-coated flasks or plates are recommended for healthier cells.

Complete Culture Medium:

DMEM: 90%, FBS: 10%, penicilin: 100 μ g /ml, Strep: 100 μ g/ml.

Freezing Medium:

45% Complete media, 45% fetal bovine serum and 10% dimethyl sulphoxide (DMSO)

Thawing Cells:

1. Quickly thaw frozen cells in a 37°C water bath with a continuous agitation.
2. Using a 1 ml pipette, slowly pipet the cells up and down 5 times and add, drop by drop, to a 15 ml centrifuge tube containing 9 ml of fresh pre-warmed complete DMEM medium. Then centrifuge at 1,000 rpm for 5 minutes.
3. Discard the supernatant medium and resuspend the cell pellet in 5 ml of fresh prewarmed complete DMEM medium. Transfer cells to a 10cm dish and incubate at 37°C with 5% CO₂ until the cells reach >90% confluence. The recovery rate for frozen cells is usually 90% or above.

Subculturing:

When the cells reach confluence, they need split. This cell line is normally split twice weekly at 1:8 to 1:15 dilutions.

1. Carefully aspirate all the media. Gently rinse the cell layer with appropriate amount of 0.05% trypsin-EDTA, and aspirate it off.
2. Wait for about 1-3 minute; dislodge the cells by gently tapping the sides of flask or dish.
3. Resuspend cells with appropriate amount of complete DMEM medium, and split cells as desired.

Changing Medium:



This is normally done every other day.

1. Gently aspirate off medium.
2. Transfer fresh warm complete DMEM medium (37°C) into a 10cm dish (10 ml for one 10cm dish).

Freezing Cells:

1. Repeat the steps 1-3 of Subculturing section.
2. Centrifuge down the cells at 1,000 rpm for 5 min.
3. Aspirate off the supernatant and resuspend the cells in fresh freezing medium at a density of 2-3 x 10⁶ cells/ml. Add 1 ml cells per Cryogenic Vial.
4. Put the Cryogenic Vial of cells into Cryo Freezing Container, followed by transferring the container into -80°C and staying overnight.

Transfer Cryogenic Vial into liquid nitrogen (-196°C).

Reagents & Consumables:

1. DMEM: Dulbecco's Modified Eagle Medium powder, high glucose (Gibco BRL, Cat #10566)
2. FBS: Fetal Bovine Serum (GIBCO, Cat #26140)
3. Streptomycin Sulfate: 50 mg/ml (Gibco BRL, Cat # 11860-038)
4. Hygromycin (Invitrogen, Cat #379685)
5. Trypsin: (Gibco BRL, Cat # 25300)
6. DMSO: dimethyl sulphoxide, for molecular biology (AMRESCO, Cat #0231)
7. CCF4: (Invitrogen, Cat #K1096)
8. Venor[®]GeM Mycoplasma Detection kit: Minerva Biolabs Cat #11-1050
9. 10cm dish: Corning Cat #430167)
10. 6-well plate: (Costar Cat #3516)
11. Cryogenic Vial: (Corning Cat #430659)
12. 96 Well Plate: greiner, Cat# 655180
13. 384 Well Plate: Corning Cat #3712

Media and Solutions:

1. PBS (for preparation of 500 ml)
 - 1) KCl: 0.1 g
 - 2) KH₂PO₄: 0.1 g
 - 3) NaCl: 4.0 g
 - 4) Na₂HPO₄.12H₂O: 1.4 g

Dissolve the above components in double-distilled water (ddH₂O) and adjust pH to 7.4 with 0.1 N NaOH. Add ddH₂O to the final volume of 500 ml. Autoclave and store at room temperature.

2. Trypsin-EDTA (for preparation of 100 ml)
 - 1) 0.5%Trypsin: 10 ml
 - 2) DMEM: 90 ml

Store at 4°C.

3. Culture medium (for preparation of 1 L)



- 1) Measure out 950 ml distilled water to dissolve the media components with gentle stirring until the solution becomes clear.
- 2) Add NaHCO_3 3.7 g for high glucose DMEM
- 3) Adjust pH of medium to 0.2-0.3 below the desired final working pH (using 1 N NaOH or 1 N HCL is recommended). Add slowly with stirring.
- 4) Dilute to 1 liter with ddH₂O.
- 5) Sterilize the medium immediately using the method of membrane filtration.
Store at 4°C

4. Ampicillin/Streptomycin 50 mg/ml

Dissolve 1 g Ampicillin or Streptomycin in 20 ml ddH₂O and sterilize the solution by membrane filtration using 0.20 μm filter. Aliquot and store at 4°C for short-term conservation and -20°C for long term conservation.

Map of hPAFR-pcDNA3.1/hygro(+)

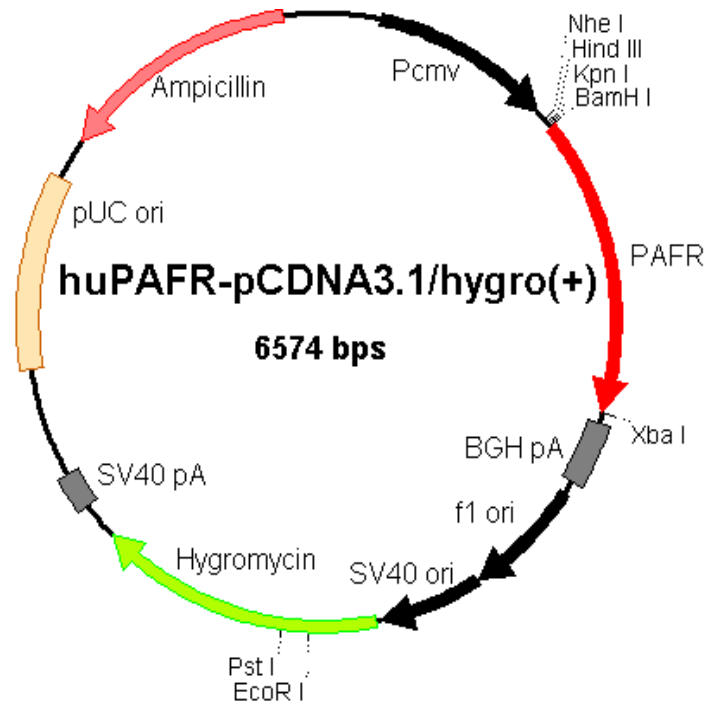
Name: huPAFR-pCDNA3.1/hygro(+)

Insert gene: Homo sapiens platelet-activating factor receptor (PAFR)

Length of insert: 1029 bp Sequence reference: Gene Bank NM_000952

Vector: pCDNA3.1/hygro(+) (Invitrogen) Insert site : *Bam*HI + *Xba*I

Plasmid Map:





ctgtaggtatctcagttcgggtgtaggtcgttcgctccaagctgggctgtgtgcacgaacccccgttcagcccagccgctgcgccttatccggtaactatcgtcttgagccaacccgta
agacacgacttatcgccactggcagcagccactggtaacaggattagcagagcgaggtatgtaggcgggtctacagagttctgaagtggtggcctaactacggctacactagaa
ggacagatttggtatctcgcctctgctgaagccagttaccttcgaaaaagagttggtagctcttgatccggcaaaacaaaccaccgctggtagcgggtgtttttgttgaagcagca
gattacgcgcaaaaaaggatcgaagaagatcctttgatctttctacggggtcgcgctcagtggaacgaaaactcaggttaaggattttgtcatgagattatcaaaagg
atctcacctagatcctttaaattaaaaatgaagtttaaatcaatctaaagtataatgagtaaaactggctgacagttaccaatgcttaacagtgaggcacctatctcagcagatctgtct
atctcgttcataatggtcctgactccccgtcgtgtagataactacgatacgggagggtaccatctgccccagtgctgcaatgataccgagagaccacgctcaccggctccag
atctcagcaataaaccagccagccggaaggccgagcgcgagaagtgctcgaactttatccgctccatccagctattaattgtgcccgggaagctagagtaagtagttcgc
agttaatagttgcgcaacggtgtgctcattgtctacagggatcgtggtgtcacgctcgtctgtttggtatggctcattcagctccggttccaacgatcaaggcgagttacatgatccccat
gttgcaaaaaagcgggttagctcctcggctcctccgatcgtgtcagaagtaagttggccgagtggtatcactatggtatggcagcactgcataattcttactgtcatgccatcct
aagatgctttctgtgactggtgagtaactcaaccaagtcattctgagaatagtgatgcccggaccgagttgctcttggccggcgtcaatacgggataataccgcccacatagcagaa
ctttaaagtgctcatcattggaaaacgttctcgggcgaaaactcgaaggatctaccgctgttgagatccagttcagatgaaccactcgtgcaccaactgatctcagatctttta
cttcaccagcgttctgggtgagcaaaaacaggaaggcaaaatccgcaaaaaagggaataaggggcgacacggaaatgtgaatactatactcttctttcaatattattgaag
catttatcagggtattgtctcatgagcggatacatattgaatgtatttagaaaaataaacaataagggggtccgcgcacattccccgaaaagtgccacctgacgct

GenScript Corporation
120 Centennial Ave., Piscataway, NJ 08854
Tel: 732-885-9188, 732-885-9688
Fax: 732-210-0262, 732-885-5878
Email: info@genscript.com
Web: <http://www.genscript.com>

For Research Use Only.



Limited Use License Agreement

This is a legal agreement between you (Licensee) and GenScript USA Inc. governing use of GenScript's stable cell line products and protocols provided to licensee. By purchasing and using the stable cell line, the buyer agrees to comply with the following terms and conditions of this label license and recognizes and agrees to such restrictions:

- 1) The products are not transferable and will be used at the site where they were purchased. Transfer to another site owned by buyer will be permitted only upon written request by buyer followed by subsequent written approval by GenScript.
- 2) The purchaser cannot sell or otherwise transfer (a) this product (b) its components or (c) materials made using this product or its components to a third party.
- 3) The products sold by GenScript are for laboratory and animal research purposes only. The products are not to be used on humans, for consumption, or for any unlawful uses.

GenScript USA Inc. will not assert against the buyer a claim of infringement of patents owned or controlled by GenScript USA Inc. and claiming this product based upon the manufacture, use or sale of a clinical diagnostic, therapeutic and vaccine, or prophylactic product developed in research by the buyer in which this product or its components has been employed, provided that neither this product nor any of its components was used in the manufacture of such product. For information on the use of this product for other purposes, contact Marketing Department, GenScript USA Inc., 120 Centennial Avenue, Piscataway, New Jersey 08840, U.S.A. Phone: 1-732-885-9188. Fax: 1-732-210-0262. Email: marketing@genscript.com.